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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
2	MESI	ERN DISTRICT OF NEW TOP	CC.
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4	UNITED STATES OF AMER		o. 1:15-cr-143
5	Plain	tiff,	(LJV)
6	vs.	March 1	.8 , 2019
7	DEMETRIUS YARBOROUGH, a/k/a Tu-Tu,		
	Defendant.		
8			
9	TR	ANSCRIPT OF SENTENCING	
10		HONORABLE LAWRENCE J. V ED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
11	0		
12		JAMES P. KENNEDY, JR.	
13		UNITED STATES ATTORNEY BY: JOSEPH M. TRIPI, ES	
14		Assistant United States Federal Centre	s Attorney
15		138 Delaware Avenue Buffalo, New York 14202	2
16		For the Plaintiff	
17		ADDELMAN LAW, PLLC BY: DAVID R. ADDELMAN,	ESO
18		69 Delaware Avenue Suite 602	100.
		Buffalo, New York 14202	2
19		For the Defendant	
20	PROBATION:	TINA E. BLACKMAN, USPO	
21	DEPUTY CLERK:	COLLEEN M. DEMMA	
22		ANN M. SAWYER, FCRR, RP NYRCR, NYACR, Notary Pu	
23		Robert H. Jackson Court	
24		2 Niagara Square Buffalo, New York 14202	
25		Ann_Sawyer@nywd.uscourt	s.gov

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(Proceedings commenced at 12:37 p.m.)
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             THE CLERK: All rise. United States District Court
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    for the Western District of New York is now in session, the
    Honorable Lawrence J. Vilardo presiding.
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             THE COURT: Please be seated.
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             THE CLERK: 15-CR-143, United States of America
 7
    versus Demetrius Yarborough.
8
             Assistant United States Attorney Joseph M. Tripi
9
    appearing on behalf of the government.
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             Attorney David R. Addelman appearing with defendant.
11
    Defendant is present.
12
             Also present is United States Probation Officer
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    Tina E. Blackman appearing for United States Probation Officer
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    Matthew G. Zenger.
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             This is the date set for sentencing.
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             THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone.
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             MR. TRIPI: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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             MR. ADDELMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Mr. Yarborough is before the Court for
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    sentencing on his previous plea of quilty to Count 1 of
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    the superseding information, and that charged that he
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    possessed 500 grams or more of cocaine with the intent to
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    distribute it and did distribute it in violation of 21, United
    States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(B).
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25
             We're going to begin with some questions that I have
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for the lawyers and for you, Mr. Yarborough, about the
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    presentence investigation report. I'm then going to make sure
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 3
    that I've received and read all the sentencing-related
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    submissions. After that I'm going to make some findings of
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    fact and calculate the applicable guidelines range. And then
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    before I state the sentence, I'm going to give the lawyers and
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    you an opportunity to talk to me about anything you think is
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    relevant to sentencing.
9
             So are there any questions before we begin from the
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    government?
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             MR. TRIPI: No, Your Honor.
12
             THE COURT: From the defense?
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             MR. ADDELMAN: No, Judge.
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             THE COURT: Mr. Addelman, have you had enough time to
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    read the presentence report that was prepared on January 28th,
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    2019 and to review it with your client?
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             MR. ADDELMAN:
                            I have.
18
             THE COURT: And Ms. Blackman, there were no revisions
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    after January 28th; is that right?
20
             USPO BLACKMAN:
                            That's correct, Your Honor.
21
             THE COURT: Mr. Addelman, did you explain the
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    contents of the report to your client?
23
             MR. ADDELMAN:
                            I have.
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             THE COURT: Do you have any concerns about his
25
    ability to understand it?
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No, I don't.
 1
             MR. ADDELMAN:
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             THE COURT: Mr. Yarborough, did you receive a copy of
 3
    the presentence report that was prepared on January 28th,
 4
    2019?
 5
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Did your attorney explain it to you?
 7
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             Yes.
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             THE COURT: Do you understand it?
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             THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
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             THE COURT: Do you need any more time to review it or
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    to talk to Mr. Addelman about it?
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             THE DEFENDANT:
                             No.
13
             THE COURT: Do you have any questions about it?
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             THE DEFENDANT:
                             No.
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             THE COURT: Mr. Addelman, the defendant did not file
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    a statement with respect to sentencing factors, per se, but in
17
    your sentencing memorandum you note that the defendant
18
    reportedly received heroin from Mr. Gillon, but you contest
19
    that he sold heroin. Other than that, does the defendant want
20
    to contest or change anything in the presentence report?
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             MR. ADDELMAN: No, Judge. And I apologize for not
22
    including that paragraph that we don't contest. We don't
23
    contest the fact that it was reported. We do contest that --
24
    the truth of that report.
25
             THE COURT: Okay. Yes. And we're going to get to
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that in a -- in a second.
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 2
             So you really don't contest anything that's in the
 3
    report, you just -- you just have an observation about
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    something that is included in it, and you disagree with what
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    was reported?
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             MR. ADDELMAN: We don't think that that allegation
 7
    would have been found credible had we gone to trial, but --
8
             THE COURT: Right.
 9
             MR. ADDELMAN: -- we don't doubt --
10
             THE COURT: That it would --
11
             MR. ADDELMAN: -- that it was reported.
12
             THE COURT: Okay. Great. Terrific. Good.
13
    you're not asking me to change anything in the report?
14
             MR. ADDELMAN:
                            No.
15
             THE COURT: Great. And -- and so with respect to
16
    everything in the presentence report, am I correct that you
17
    don't want to contest or change any of the facts or any of the
18
    sentencing guidelines calculations; is that correct?
19
             MR. ADDELMAN: Correct.
20
             THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Yarborough, do you want to
21
    contest or change anything in the report?
22
             THE DEFENDANT:
23
             THE COURT: And does the government want to contest
24
    or change anything in the report?
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             MR. TRIPI: No, Your Honor. The presentence
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calculated a lower guideline than did the plea agreement, and
 1
    we filed the no-objection statement accordingly.
 2
 3
             THE COURT: Yep. And that includes both the facts
    and the guidelines calculation; is that right?
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 5
             MR. TRIPI: That's correct, Judge.
 6
             THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Addelman, I've received and
 7
    reviewed the defendant's sentencing memorandum; is that
 8
    everything?
 9
             MR. ADDELMAN: Yes, Judge.
10
             THE COURT: And is there anything else you would like
11
    to submit in writing today?
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             MR. ADDELMAN:
                            No.
13
             THE COURT: Mr. Tripi, I've received the government's
14
    statement with respect to sentencing factors and the
15
    government's amended and superseding statement with respect to
16
    sentencing factors; is that everything?
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             MR. TRIPI: Yes, Judge.
18
             THE COURT: And does the government want to submit
19
    anything else in writing?
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             MR. TRIPI: No, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Mr. Addelman, I've reviewed the
22
    sentencing memorandum and particularly page 3 which addresses
23
    your concerns about paragraph 24, and as you correctly
    observed and as 18, United States Code, Section 3661
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25
    indicates, there's no limitation on the background information
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that I'm to receive and consider regarding character, conduct
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    of the person in front of me, and the like.
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 3
             And, so, with respect to the 11(c)(1)(C) plea that
    you've negotiated on behalf of your client and with respect to
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 5
    the sentencing today, I'm considering only the conduct to
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    which the defendant pleaded quilty and for which he's accepted
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    responsibility, and that involves the 3.5 kilograms of
8
    cocaine, or -- or the amount was between 2 and 3.5 kilograms
9
    of cocaine.
10
             I think it was actually 3 -- 3 kilos; is that -- is
11
    that correct? The wrappings indicated 3 kilos; is that right?
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             MR. ADDELMAN: The government concluded that the
13
    wrapping would have been consistent with 3 kilograms.
14
    was no actual cocaine, just cocaine residue --
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             THE COURT: Right, on the wrapper.
16
             MR. ADDELMAN: -- on the wrapping itself.
17
             THE COURT: Right. And you've agreed that between 2
18
    and 3.5 is what's involved?
19
             MR. ADDELMAN: We have.
20
             THE COURT: Yeah. And so based on that, that's what
21
    I'm going to consider, I see no need for a hearing. It sounds
22
    to me like you agree with that; is that right?
23
             MR. ADDELMAN:
                            I do.
             THE COURT: Okay. And, Mr. Tripi, anything you would
24
25
    like to add?
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1 MR. TRIPI: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. I previously accepted the defendant's plea of guilty to Count 1 of the superseding information, possession with intent to distribute 500 grams or more of cocaine.

I note that in the plea agreement, the government and the defendant have agreed pursuant to 11(c)(1)(C) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure that at the time of the sentence I would impose a term of imprisonment of between 60 and 90 months. The agreement also provided that if after I reviewed the presentence report I rejected the plea agreement, that the defendant and the government would have the opportunity to — to back out of that agreement, and the defendant would have an opportunity to withdraw his plea.

I've deferred acceptance of the plea agreement, but pursuant to 11(c)(4), I now accept the terms and the conditions of the plea agreement that was signed on October 29th, 2018, and my judgment and my sentence will be consistent with it.

In that plea agreement, the government also agreed to move to dismiss the open count of the second superseding indictment against this defendant. So I also make a charge -- I also make a finding that the charge to which the defendant pled guilty, that is Count 1 of the superseding information, adequately reflects the seriousness of the actual offense

behavior and that accepting the agreement will not undermine the purposes of sentencing or the guidelines.

The defendant was initially charged in a large-scale narcotics conspiracy with 15 other defendants, but the crime to which the defendant pleaded guilty takes into account his actual criminal conduct and the drugs attributable to him following the execution of a search warrant at 22 Carl Street.

And so I believe that the plea of guilty and the plea agreement adequately reflect the actual offense behavior, and that accepting the agreement will not undermine the statutory purposes of sentencing or the guidelines.

The government has filed an amended and superseding statement with respect to sentencing factors accepting the probation and pretrial service office's presentence report.

The defendant has indicated his acceptance on the record today.

Based on the parties' submissions and representations today in court, there are no disputes regarding the facts contained in the presentence investigation report other than the -- the objection to the, for want of a better term, to the characterization in the report about what was reported and whether -- and the accuracy of what was reported which does not need to be resolved.

I also have reviewed that report. Based on my review, based on the parties' written submissions and based on

the positions taken on the record today, especially 1 Mr. Addelman's position on behalf of the defendant that he 2 3 does not contest the way the report is worded, that was actually reported to the probation officer that that occurred. 4 I adopt the facts in the report as my findings of fact, and I 5 6 incorporate them into the record. 7 So I will now place the January 28th, 2019 8 presentence investigation report in the record under seal. 9 an appeal is filed, counsel on appeal will be given access to 10 the sealed report except that counsel will not be given access 11 to the recommendations section. 12 So let's now turn to the guidelines which I must 13 calculate and consider as an important part of my 14 determination of a sentence. And I apologize to everybody in 15 the courtroom for the technical nature of what's about to 16 follow, but the guidelines themselves and the reasons behind 17 the guidelines make this a necessary step in the process. 18 Based on the parties' submissions and their 19 representations today in court, there are also no disputes 20 regarding the recommendations in the report as to the 21 applicable sections of the Sentencing Commission's advisory 22 quidelines. 23 The presentence investigation report calculates under the 2018 version of the guidelines manual that 24 25 Section 2D1.1(a)(5) and 2D1.1(c)(7) provide for a base offense

level of 26, and that no adjustments for specific offense characteristics apply.

The report then recommends that the offense level be decreased by two levels under Section 3E1.1(a) of the guidelines because the defendant has accepted responsibility for his conduct.

So based on all that, the presentence report calculates the total offense level to be 24. 26 minus 2 is 24.

The report then calculates the criminal history category as III based on a criminal history score of 6. Based on my factual findings, I agree with the report's calculation of both the offense level and the criminal history category.

So with a total offense level of 24 and a criminal history category of III, the report calculates the applicable guidelines range as a sentence of imprisonment of between 63 and 78 months; a fine range of \$10,000 to \$5 million; and a period of supervised release of four to five years. There's also a mandatory special assessment of \$100 that I must impose. I agree with all those calculations in the presentence report, as well.

But notwithstanding those calculations, as I stated earlier under Rule 11(c)(1)(C), the parties agree that at the time of sentencing I would impose a term of imprisonment of at least 60 months but no more than 90 months.

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Mr. Yarborough, under the Supreme Court's decision in United States versus Booker and the 2nd Circuit's decision in United States versus Crosby, the Court must consider the quidelines but it's not bound by them. The Court also must consider the factors that are included in 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a), and those factors include: the nature and circumstances of the offense; your history and your characteristics; the need for the sentence to reflect the seriousness of the offense, to promote respect for the law, and to provide a fair punishment to you; the need to deter others from committing crimes and to protect the public from your crimes; the need to provide you with educational or vocational training in an attempt to rehabilitate you; the types of sentences that are available; any policy statements that are issued by the Sentencing Commission; and sentences given to others who committed crimes similar to the one to which you pleaded guilty. I'm going to take all those factors into account, but before I impose sentence I want to give the lawyers and you an opportunity to talk to me about anything you think is relevant. So we're going to start with the government. Mr. Tripi, does the government want to say anything? MR. TRIPI: Just very briefly, Judge. We ask that

the Court impose sentence within the range set forth in the

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    plea agreement which also encompasses the range set forth in
    the presentence report based on the defendant's lengthy
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 3
    criminal history and his offense conduct in this case.
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             THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. And there are no
    identifiable victims, correct?
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             MR. TRIPI: That's correct, Judge.
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             THE COURT: And Mr. Addelman.
             MR. ADDELMAN: Judge, I'd ask that Mr. Yarborough
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    speak first.
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                         Sure. Mr. Yarborough, go ahead.
             THE COURT:
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             THE DEFENDANT: First I want to apologize to the
    Court because I never thought I was going to be on this side
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13
    of the table again. I never thought I was going to commit a
14
    crime.
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             And I want to apologize to my family and my son and
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    my brother and my big brother over there. I promised them
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    that I never was going to come back to jail, I never was going
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    to be engaged in drugs. And I told them how much that I
    really disliked the drugs, and I wanted to be a voice to the
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    people and -- to convince them not to use the drugs or sell
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    the drugs. And I backslid. I made a mistake.
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             I thought I was ready when I did all that time when I
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    was incarcerated before, but I backslid. I let the
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    manipulation get to me. I thought people was in my corner
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    that was real close to me, I thought I could trust them, and I
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was used, and I made a bad decision that I take full 1 2 responsibility for. 3 What I do, I want to be today, I learned so much that I want to be a voice for the people. I want to help people. 4 5 Your Honor, when I was a -- when I was a kid, I never 6 expected to be looking like this on this side. I wanted to be 7 a race car driver or a fireman, I never wanted to be no drug 8 dealer. I didn't know nothing about this stuff. I thought it was okay when I was coming up, and I see that it wasn't today. 9 10 And today, I want to help the people, the people that 11 I hurted, the people who saw the things that I did and liked 12 it. I want to be able to give back to my community and to the 13 people that's all over. I just want to do the right thing, 14 that's the right thing to do for the world. 15 And that's why I stand here today, Your Honor. 16 want to -- I want to do what's right. I want to help people 17 because that's what I do, I help people. I give good advice, 18 even though I make a mistake. But today, I make no more 19 mistakes. 20 My son, he graduated from college. He's doing very 21 good. He got a degree in accounting. And he don't have no 22 parents. He only got me and my brother and my other brother. 23 He don't have -- he don't have nobody. His mom died when he 24 was young, and I'm all he got. He don't got no grandmother, 25 no grandfather, nothing.

I'm asking -- I'm not throwing that away. No more. 1 2 Enough is enough, Your Honor. That's it, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Addelman? 4 MR. ADDELMAN: The sentiments the Court has just 5 heard have been consistently expressed to me during the 6 duration of my representation. I have questioned 7 Mr. Yarborough, because this isn't his first rodeo. 8 expressions that he's learned from this, I followed up with a 9 couple of questions. 10 He indicated to me, and I don't know if this was 11 intentional that he didn't raise it now or not, but he said 12 that the opioid crisis has made a difference to him. 13 was a younger man making decisions, some of them bad 14 decisions, he wasn't thinking of people dying from this like 15 they are now. 16 Now, obviously, drugs have always been a negative 17 factor in our society and he should have been more attuned to 18 this. But he seems highly sensitized to the problems that 19 drugs are causing in our society. As indicated, he's got a young man that he's 20 21 responsible for raising who just graduated from ECC with a 22 degree in accounting, and he's very proud of that. 23 He wants to spend whatever time he has left, he's 52 years old, not creating problems, but hopefully educating 24 25 younger people to stay clear of the mistakes that he's made.

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In this investigation, he was talking kind of loosely about people he trusted. His wife ended up being, we believe, a witness against him. And to my knowledge, she was an unindicted co-conspirator in that she was -- admitted that she was involved and she blamed him for everything. He knowingly committed crimes, and for that he's responsible and he deserves a sentence that's sufficient but not greater than necessary, and we acknowledge that, but a lot of things would have come up had he gone to trial that will not now. In any event, Judge, what I'm getting to is that in sentencing the man that's standing before you, we submit that a 60-month sentence would be sufficient to accomplish the objectives of sentencing, and we would ask the Court to consider that as an appropriate sentence. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Do either counsel know of any reason why sentence should not now be imposed? MR. TRIPI: No, Your Honor. MR. ADDELMAN: I do not. THE COURT: Okay. Pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 and the 2016 version of the guidelines, it's the judgement of the Court that the defendant Demetrius Yarborough is hereby sentenced to 84 months of imprisonment. The cost of incarceration fee is waived. Upon release, the defendant

shall be placed on supervised release for a term of five 1 years. After his release, the following conditions shall 2 3 apply: Within 72 hours of release from custody of the Bureau 4 5 of Prisons, the defendant shall report in person to the 6 probation office in the district where he is released unless 7 his probation officer instructs him differently. 8 The defendant shall comply with the standard conditions of supervised release adopted by the Court. 9 10 The defendant shall not commit any crimes under 11 federal, state or local law. 12 The defendant shall not possess a firearm, ammunition 13 or other dangerous device. 14 The defendant shall not possess a controlled 15 substance except as prescribed by a physician. 16 The defendant shall cooperate in the collection of a 17 DNA sample as required by the Justice For All Act of 2004. 18 The defendant shall participate in a program for 19 substance abuse, including substance abuse testing, such as 20 urinalysis and other testing, and shall undergo a drug/alcohol 21 evaluation and treatment if substance abuse is indicated by 22 the testing. The probation officer will supervise the details 23 of any testing and treatment, including the selection of a treatment provider and schedule. If inpatient treatment is 24 25 recommended, however, it must be approved by the Court unless

the defendant consents. The defendant is not to leave treatment until completion or as ordered by the Court.

While in treatment and after discharge from treatment, the defendant is to abstain from using alcohol. The defendant is required to contribute to the cost of services rendered.

I'm imposing this special condition because drug testing is required by the 1994 Crime Control Act, and because of the defendant's prior use and abuse of drugs as detailed in paragraphs 128 through 131 of the presentence report, and the condition -- it -- it serves the statutory sentencing purposes of deterrence, public protection and rehabilitation.

The defendant shall submit to a search of his person, property, vehicle, place of residence, or any other property under his control based on reasonable suspicion, and permit confiscation of any evidence or contraband discovered.

I'm imposing this condition because the offense of conviction involved drugs which can easily be hidden, and because the condition therefore serves the statutory sentencing purposes of deterrence and public protection.

The defendant shall pay to the United States a mandatory special assessment of \$100 due immediately, payment to be made to the Clerk, United States District Court, Attention Finance, United States Courthouse, 2 Niagara Square, Buffalo, New York 14202.

If the special assessment is not paid when he's incarcerated, payment shall begin under the Bureau of Prisons Inmate Financial Responsibility Program.

So in determining the sentence, I've reviewed all the circumstances of the case, and it is a very involved case, and the defendant's plea. I began my analysis with the guidelines. I've considered the arguments raised by both sides as to what the appropriate sentence should be. And, most importantly, I've considered the factors in 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a) which I stated earlier and I won't repeat now.

I'm not imposing a fine. I'm not imposing the costs of imprisonment or the costs of supervised release because I don't believe you have the financial ability to make those payments, and because I think that would have a disproportionate impact on the folks on the outside.

So why did I impose the sentence that I did? Well, first of all, selling drugs is a serious crime, especially in the amounts that we're talking about here. You -- you -- you've admitted to being involved in the distribution of 3 kilograms, about, of cocaine.

And even apart from paragraph 24 which is the paragraph that your lawyer raises some issues about, that suggests that you're a midlevel drug dealer at least with respect to the cocaine that you were -- you were dealing in.

And that's a -- and that's serious. That's very serious stuff.

You also have a very poor criminal history. And, you know, I listened to you talk the talk now, Mr. Yarborough, but you haven't demonstrated the ability to walk the walk even though you -- I'm sure you told yourself you were not going to get involved in this again. I believe you when you tell me that. But you haven't been able to -- to follow through on that.

So some of your convictions -- you're fortunate that some of your convictions were too old to count and your criminal history category ended up being substantially less than your lawyer and the government thought when they negotiated the plea agreement.

But that doesn't change the fact that you had 15 arrests, six criminal convictions that I count, three for felonies, two of those convictions in federal court, two involving weapons or violence, one conviction that you were sentenced to ten years for in federal court. And then there's three violation of probation and parole or supervised release. That's not a good track record.

Now, you have a superb lawyer who negotiated a great deal for you, and I actually gave some thought to rejecting the 11(c)(1)(C) plea because it is such a good deal for you, and I gave some very serious thought to sentencing you at the

very high end of that, the 90 months.

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I decided not to do that for a couple reasons: 3 Number 1, because I think that your prior use of drugs is at least in part to blame for your standing here in front of me. 4 And the fact that were clean for a number of years shows that you have it in you to do it.

You relapsed, as you said yourself in your remarks. But you can do it if you put your mind to it. And you've got reasons sitting in the back of the courtroom, especially one, your son. That's a good reason to do that.

And it's remarkable to me that your son is doing so well because so often our kids do not what we tell them. said you give good advice. Even though you may not do the right thing, you know how to tell kids what to do and what not to do. And so many of the defendants who appear in front of me, I see that, because -- because the letters or the presentence report or what people say about them is that they're a good family man, a good role model for kids. of them coach sports with the kids, and the message that they give the kids when they're coaching the sports, when they're talking to their own kids, is don't do drugs, don't sell Do what's legal. Live a good life. druas.

But the reason that we have this awful vicious circle that we have today is because so many people like you are saying one thing and doing another, and then the kids see, and

they say I want to be just like him, he's a great guy, he's my coach, he's my dad, he's my uncle, and I want to be just like him. And they see you doing this stuff, and they end up doing this stuff.

And that's why we have generation after generation getting involved in this stuff. It's got to stop. It's got to stop. And the only way it's going to stop is by people like you not only telling them what to do, but showing them. Showing them.

And when you get out, you're going to have a lot of years left, and you're going to be able to do that with the rest of your life, and I hope to God you do, and I know that you have it in you to do it.

But I think that the nature and the seriousness of the offense, your history and characteristics, the need to promote respect for the law because of the number of violations and crimes that you've committed over and over again, the need to provide for a fair punishment, the need to promote deterrence, the need to protect the public, and importantly the need for consistency in sentencing including the codefendants in your case, those that I've sentenced already and those that I will sentence in the future, and the need for consistency in sentencing with respect to people who have done the sorts of things that you did, all require a sentence toward the higher end of the negotiated range and

above the computed guidelines, and that's what -- and that's what I've imposed.

And I've also imposing the high end term of supervised release with special conditions. That's intended, number 1, to help you return to society after your incarceration, but it's also going to allow the probation office to monitor your activities to ensure that you don't engage in further illegal activity.

I'm going to recommend that your sentence be served and the Bureau of Prisons place you in a facility as close to Western New York as you can be so that your family members can visit you as much as they can.

And I'm also going to recommend that you be placed in a facility that has the wherewithal to provide whatever substance treatment that you need. I'm not going to recommend the RDAP program because I just think that there's been too much of a pattern of illegal conduct here to give you the benefit of that. But I am -- I do think, as I said, that your -- your -- your drug use is one of the reasons that you're standing here, and I recognize that -- that addiction is an ugly thing and I think that you ought to get some treatment for that.

And I think that if you get treatment on the inside, that will make the transition easier when you get the treatment on the outside so that will at least have you

pointed in the right direction and moving in the right direction when you're released.

So based on the guidelines, based on the positions of the parties, based on my review of all the facts and circumstances presented to me, I think that the sentence I've imposed is sufficient but not greater than necessary to comply with the purposes of sentencing set forth in 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a).

Pursuant to Rule 32(j)(1)(B) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, I now advise you of your right to appeal.

You have a statutory right to appeal your sentence under certain circumstances, particularly if you think the sentence is contrary to law. A defendant may waive those rights as part of a plea agreement.

As I think you recognize, Mr. Yarborough, you entered into a plea agreement in which you waived some of your rights to appeal, specifically your rights to appeal a sentence that falls within or is less than the range of imprisonment that was negotiated pursuant to your 11(c)(1)(C) plea.

Waivers like these are generally enforceable. If you think the waiver is unenforceable, you can present that theory to an appellate court.

If you want to attempt to appeal some issue that you think survives your waiver, you must file a notice of appeal within 14 days.

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And if you're unable to pay for the cost of an appeal, you may apply for leave to appeal in forma pauperis, that means leave to appeal without paying costs. You have the right to be represented by counsel in any appeal. If you can't afford counsel, you have the right to have counsel appointed to represent you free of charge. The government has a motion? MR. TRIPI: I do, Your Honor. We'd ask to dismiss Count 3 of the second superseding indictment that charged this defendant, dismiss it as to him. THE COURT: Yes. That motion is granted as to this defendant only. Anything further from the government? MR. TRIPI: No, Your Honor. I just had one point of clarification. I assume the \$100 special assessment was ordered? I just --THE COURT: Did I -- did I say it? USPO BLACKMAN: Yes, Your Honor. MR. TRIPI: Sorry. I missed it. That's all. Thank you. THE COURT: Anything further from you, Mr. Addelman? MR. ADDELMAN: Nothing further. THE COURT: Okay. The statement of reasons shall be included in the judgement and shall be provided to the probation office, to the Sentencing Commission and to the Bureau of Prisons.

A complete copy of the presentence report shall be provided to the probation office, to the Sentencing Commission and to the Bureau of Prisons.

Any other copies of the report and related material shall remain confidential.

And if an appeal is taken, counsel on appeal will be given access to the report except, as I said, the recommendations section at the end of the report.

A judgment of the conviction should be prepared promptly on the form prescribed for judgments, including sentences under the Sentencing Reform Act.

And the defendant is remanded to the custody of the marshals.

Good luck to you, sir. I mean, I hope -- I hope that the talk you talk so well now turns into walking the walk, and that you do what you say you want to do, because you've got a unique opportunity to -- to -- once you get out, as I say, when you get out, you're still going to have a lot of years left. You're going to be a lot younger than I am when you get out. And you're going to be able to do some good by telling people look at what happened to me. I made the wrong decisions. Don't just listen to what I'm telling you, look at what happened to me. And have an impact on the lives of those folks, and leave the world a better place because you were in it. And I hope you do that.

1	Thanks to everyone.
2	THE DEFENDANT: I will, Judge.
3	MR. TRIPI: Thank you, Your Honor. Have a good day.
4	(Proceedings concluded at 1:08 p.m.)
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12	CERTIFICATION
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14	I certify that the foregoing is a
15	correct transcription of the proceedings
16	recorded by me in this matter.
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20	s/ Ann M. Sawyer
21	Ann M. Sawyer, FCRR, RPR, CRR, NYRCR, NYACR, Notary Public
22	Official Reporter U.S.D.C., W.D.N.Y.
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